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TRANSMITTAL LETTER TO THE UNITED STATES DESIGNATED/ELECTED OFFICE (DO/EO/US) CONCERNING A FILING UNDER 35 U.S.C. 371				U.S. APPLICATION NO. (if known, see 37 CFR 1.5) <div style="font-size: 24pt; font-weight: bold; text-align: center;">09/868419</div> <div style="text-align: center;">Unassigned</div>	
INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION NO. PCT/GB99/04137		INTERNATIONAL FILING DATE 9 December 1999		PRIORITY DATE CLAIMED 15 December 1998	
TITLE OF INVENTION Mechanical Nut and Stud Removal Tool					
APPLICANT(S) FOR DO/EO/US Ronnie Brain and David Brain					
<p>Applicant herewith submits to the United States Designated/Elected Office (DO/EO/US) the following items and other information:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> This is a FIRST submission of items concerning a filing under 35 U.S.C. 371. 2. <input type="checkbox"/> This is a SECOND or SUBSEQUENT submission of items concerning a filing under 35 U.S.C. 371. 3. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> This is an express request to promptly begin national examination procedures (35 U.S.C. 371(f)). 4. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> The US has been elected by the expiration of 19 months from the priority date (PCT Article 31). 5. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> A copy of the International Application as filed (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(2)) <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> is attached hereto (required only if not communicated by the International Bureau). b. <input type="checkbox"/> has been communicated by the International Bureau. c. <input type="checkbox"/> is not required, as the application was filed in the United States Receiving Office (RO/US). 6. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An English language translation of the International Application as filed (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(2)). 7. <input type="checkbox"/> Amendments to the claims of the International Application under PCT Article 19 (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(3)) <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. <input type="checkbox"/> are attached hereto (required only if not communicated by the International Bureau). b. <input type="checkbox"/> have been communicated by the International Bureau. c. <input type="checkbox"/> have not been made; however, the time limit for making such amendments has NOT expired. d. <input type="checkbox"/> have not been made and will not be made. 8. <input type="checkbox"/> An English language translation of the amendments to the claims under PCT Article 19 (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(3)). 9. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An oath or declaration of the inventor(s) (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(4)). 10. <input type="checkbox"/> An English language translation of the annexes to the International Preliminary Examination Report under PCT Article 36 (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(5)). <p>Items 11 to 16 below concern document(s) or information included:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 11. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Information Disclosure Statement under 37 CFR 1.97 and 1.98. 12. <input type="checkbox"/> An assignment document for recording. A separate cover sheet in compliance with 37 CFR 3.28 and 3.31 is included. 13. <input type="checkbox"/> A FIRST preliminary amendment. <input type="checkbox"/> A SECOND or SUBSEQUENT preliminary amendment. 14. <input type="checkbox"/> A substitute specification. 15. <input type="checkbox"/> A change of power of attorney and/or address letter. 16. <input type="checkbox"/> Other items or information: 					

MECHANICAL NUT AND STUD REMOVAL TOOL

The invention relates to a tool for removing fastening members, in particular to a tool for removing nuts and
5 studs.

Conventionally, nuts or studs would be removed by moving a spanner or a wrench which acts upon the side face of the nut or stud to cause its rotation. However, where
10 the nut or stud has become damaged by its edges having become "rounded", it may be difficult to remove using the normal tools available. Also, in cases where nuts for instance have become seized, removal is problematic.

15 Existing methods for removing seized or damaged fastening members in such conditions involve drilling, burning or cutting the fastening member in question from the object to which they are attached.

20 Another problem which is often encountered concerns situations in which locking nuts have been used, but the specialized tool for unlocking of the nuts is not available.

25 In a common field of application, vehicles with alloy wheels utilize locking wheel nuts to prevent their theft. However, often the vehicle owner will not have the key or tool available in the event of a breakdown, for instance, after sustaining a flat tyre. Breakdown engineers called
30 out to the scene often have very little option other than to tow the vehicle to a garage where further attempts would be made to remove the vehicle wheel in question. However, attempts at removal without the proper key or tool (which

may well be for all practical purposes unique to the particular vehicle on which the alloy wheels are fitted) often result in damage to the wheel and add considerable time and expense to the repairs.

5

It will be appreciated that in the case of locking wheel nuts and in the case of seized or damaged fastening members in other situations, it may be only the end face of the particular fastening member which is accessible so that
10 getting a good grip around the circumference of the fastening member is not a viable option.

In such cases, being able to only access the end face exacerbates the problem. Indeed, in the case of locking
15 wheel nuts in particular there is often an outer shell which is arranged to be freely rotating with respect to a concealed and protected member underneath and in those cases attacking the outer shell using hammer and chisel etc or attempting to drill into the wheel nuts often results in
20 the chisel face or the drill bit skating across the locking wheel nut and damaging the valuable alloy wheels.

It is an aim of preferred embodiments of the present invention to provide a tool for aiding the removal of
25 fastening members which avoids, or alleviates to at least some extent, at least one of the problems described above in relation to the prior art.

According to a first aspect of the invention, there is
30 provided a tool for aiding the removal of a fastening member from a structure to which it is attached by means of a threaded connection, the tool comprising: an elongate body member having first and second ends, the first end

having means for deforming an end face of the fastening member to provide an area of purchase thereon; and

means to cause rotation of the fastening member to
5 unscrew the fastening member from the structure.

The fastening member may comprise a nut or stud.

Preferably, said means to cause rotation comprise
10 attachment means for the attachment of an operating member.
The attachment means is preferably located at the second end of the body member.

The attachment means may comprise a standard
15 connection, such as a half inch square drive in the form of a male or female connection. Other standard or specialised connections may alternatively be employed of course.

The operating member may comprise an impact means such
20 as an impact driver for both imparting a blow to the tool and providing the means for rotation. An impact driver may be provided with the tool as an integrated package.

It is also within the scope of the invention that a
25 first operating member may be linked to the tool by way of the attachment means in a first step so as to provide an impact to the tool, and a second, different operating member may be connected to the attachment means during a second step for providing said rotation. The first
30 operating means may comprise a bar or similar for receiving a blow from a hammer, and the second operating member may comprise, for instance, a wheel brace.

The means for deforming the fastening member may comprise at least one cutting means such as a blade or a blade ring having blades arranged around an aperture formed in the blade ring for biting into said end face. The blade
5 may be demountably attached to the elongate body. The blade may include an angled cutting edge. The tool may include means for securing the blade to the elongate body, such as by grub screws. The blade may be handed, so as to be orientable in a first configuration for use with
10 fastening members having a right hand threaded attachment, and to be orientable in a second configuration for use with fastening members having a left-handed threaded attachment.

The first end of the body member may be provided with
15 an aperture running longitudinally through the centre of the body member. The aperture may run part way through the body member or it may run entirely through the body member. The aperture may couple with the attachment means of the second end. The first end may comprise, in such a way that
20 it forms the attachment means, at least one blade. Preferably two blades, are provided on either side of the aperture. The aperture may enable a bolt or similar object, on which is threaded a fastening member, to be lowered into the body member such that the blades come into
25 contact with an end face of said fastening member.

When situated within the body member, the bolt may form part of the attachment means.

30 It is another aim of certain embodiments to include some means for locating the first end of the body member with respect to the end face of the fastening member.

With a view to fulfilling the above aim, the tool is preferably provided with locating means to locate the first end with respect to the end face of the fastening member.

5 The locating means may comprise centralising means.

The locating means may comprise a mandrel for engagement with the end face of the fastening member.

10 The mandrel may be spring mounted within the body member.

The mandrel may be of male or female type.

15 Preferably the leading end of the mandrel is tapered.

According to another preferred feature of the invention, the tool is provided with means for preventing peripheral damage to the structure.

20

For example a cover or shroud may be provided to surround the means for deforming the end face of the fastening member.

25 According to a second aspect of the invention, there is provided a method for facilitating the removal of a fastening member from a structure to which it is attached by means of a threaded connection, the method comprising:

30 deforming an exposed end face of the fastening member to provide an area of purchase thereon; and

rotating the fastening member using said area of purchase.

The method of the second aspect may include any one or
5 more of the limiting features of the apparatus of the first
aspect in any combination. The method may include the
preliminary step of locating a first end of the tool with
respect to the end face of the fastening member. This
locating step preferably includes the use of the locating
10 means.

Preferred embodiments of the invention will now be
described with reference to the accompanying drawings, in
which:

15

Figure 1 is a perspective view of a tool according to a
first embodiment of the invention;

20

Figure 2 is an end view of the first embodiment shown
in Figure 1;

Figure 3 is a cross-sectional view through the line A-A
of the first embodiment shown in Figure 1;

25

Figure 4 is an end view of a tool according to a second
embodiment of the invention;

30

Figure 5 is a side elevational view partially in cross-
section of the second embodiment of the invention as shown
in Figure 4;

Figure 6A and B show an exemplary formation of a blade of the tool of Figures 4 and 5 in side elevation and front elevation respectively;

5 Figure 7 is a diagrammatic exploded view of an embodiment of the invention including a locating means for locating the tool on an end face of the fastening member; and

10 Figures 8, 9, 10 and 11 are exploded perspective views of three further embodiments of the invention.

Referring to Figure 1 to 3, in the first embodiments of the invention, there is provided a tool comprising an
15 elongate body member 10 having a first end 12 and a second end 16.

The first end 12 includes a cutting blade 14, connected to the elongate body 10 by means of grub screws 20.
20

The second end 16 contains a standard connection means 18, such as a half inch square drive connection, to which an impact driver or other suitable operating member may be attached, as best illustrated in Figure 2.
25

In use, the blade 14 is placed into contact with the exposed end face of the fastening member to be released.

The second end 16 of the body member 10 is impacted by suitable means, such as by striking the end of an attached
30 impact driver with a hammer. The impact causes the blade 14 to deform the end face of the fastening member, by biting into that end face and, in the case where the fastening member is a locking wheel nut having an outer

shell and an inner nut, to cause the outer shell to lock with the inner nut.

Immediately after impact, the action of the impact driver causes rotation of the body member 10 which imparts rotational movement via the blade 14 to the fastening member.

Whilst it will be appreciated that some other operating means may be used to cooperate with the tool - for instance, a hammer could be first used to cause the deforming and a wheel brace could then be attached to the tool to provide the rotation - the use of an impact driver is most preferred. The reason that an impact driver is most preferred in the present invention is that during the imparting of the rotational force, the blade is further positively engaged with the deformed end face of the fastening member so as to provide extra security in use and greatly facilitate removal.

Referring now to Figures 4 and 5, a second embodiment of the invention is shown in plan view and side view (in direction CL of Figure 4) respectively, with hidden detail shown by hatched lines (-----). This embodiment is particularly useful for removing a deformed or seized nut fastened to a bolt. The tool is generally similar to that shown in Figures 1 to 3 and points of similarity designated by like reference numerals will not be discussed further. However, the first end 12 of the tool incorporates a pair of blades 14A, B which are connected to the body member 10 by grub screws 20, running in threaded bores 21 and the two blades are separated by a gap 22 formed by an aperture running through the body member 10. This aperture or

cavity 22 runs longitudinally through the body member and is centrally located along the desired axis of rotation.

Figure 6A and B show a typical blade 14 formation. It will be appreciated that the blade 14 has an angled cutting edge 141 which is arranged, in use, to bite into the end face of the fastening member to be deformed and a flat face 142, generally arranged in use to be at 90° to the end face of the fastening member. The angled face 141 in this way makes the deformation in the fastening member and the flat face is arranged to impart the rotational movement from the tools to the fastening member. The blade is "handed" in this way such that if the pair of blades 14A, B were fixed to the tool in the manner shown in Figures 4 and 5 then the direction of loosening is shown by Arrow "A". Loosening in this manner is brought about by the flat face 142 driving the fastening member. To cope with both left and right handed threads, the blade 14 may be removed and turned around such that the flat face 142 which includes a (optional) recess 143 for location of the grub screw 20, is always arranged to drive the rotation of the fastening member during a loosening operation.

In use, the tool of Figures 4 and 5 is positioned such that the cavity 22 receives the threaded end of a bolt or stud, to which the fastening member desired to be removed, is attached. The fastening member which will be assumed hereinafter to be a nut is brought into contact with the blades 14 by lowering the tool down the length of the bolt thread until the blades 14 engage with the end face of the nut.

Removal or loosening of the nut is then carried out in the same way as mentioned earlier, i.e. by imparting a blow to the second end of the tool 10 and rotating the tool to cause unscrewing of the nut from the bolt.

5

It will be appreciated that the cavity 22 may run throughout the length of the tool 10 and may, in itself, also form the means for connecting an impact driver. In otherwords, the aperture 22 need not be circular, but could adopt a complimentary formation to that of the particular drive means being utilised to facilitate operation.

Although two blades are shown in the embodiment of Figures 4 and 5, and a single blade shown in the embodiment of Figures 1 to 3, it will be appreciated that different numbers of blades may be utilised as required.

Referring now to Figure 7, there will be described a locating means and method for locating the tool on the end face of the fastening member. As with other embodiments of the invention, the tool shown in Figure 7 has a body member 30 which in use is fitted with blades 31. The blades 31 have a rib 32 which fits into a slot 33 extending across the body member 30.

25

The body member 30 has a passage 34 extending therethrough and within this passage there is a web 35 having a central aperture 36.

The lower end of the passageway 34 receives a compression spring 37 and a mandrel 38. The compression spring 37 acts between the mandrel and the web 35. The mandrel 38 is retained in position by a bolt 39 which

30

passes through the hole 36 in the web 35 and into a threaded bore 40 in the mandrel 38. The leading end 41 of the mandrel is tapered.

5 When the tool is presented to the end face of the screw threaded member to be removed, the tapered end 41 of the mandrel 38 is projecting beyond the blades 31, since there is also a passageway 42 through the bladed member.

10 Thus, the leading end of the mandrel 38 may first be adjusted until it is in the exact centre of the exposed end face of the threaded member before an impact is delivered to drive the blades into the end face.

15 When the blades are driven into the end face, the mandrel 38 is depressed further into the body member 30 against the action of the spring 37.

20 To reduce the risk of peripheral damage to the surrounding structure containing the threaded member which is to be removed, the whole tool is provided with a cylindrical sleeve 43 to capture any debris from the blades and prevent this debris from reaching the surrounding structure.

25 The upper part of the passageway 34 may have a square cross section, so that a square key can be inserted into it to provide rotational movement to the tool.

30 The invention is not restricted to the features of the foregoing embodiment. For example, male and female members may be reversed. For example instead of using a male mandrel which fits into a socket in the body, a female

mandrel could be provided which slides over a projecting part of the body.

Figures 8 to 10 show further embodiments of the invention. Where there are presented like elements to those shown in Figure 7, the same reference numbers will be utilized together with a prime ('), double prime ('') or triple prime ('').

10 The embodiment of Figure 8 is broadly similar to the embodiment of Figure 7 aside from the fact that mandrel 38' is arranged such that the spring 37' locates within passageway 34 (not shown in this Figure) of the body member 30' with the enlarged head 38A having the free end of the
15 spring 37' acting upon it so as to tend to keep the mandrel 38' in a position in which the tapered head 41' remains protruded beyond the end of blade ring 31'. A blade ring 31' is maintained in position in relation to body member 30' by means of the cooperating rib 32' and slot 33', these
20 two elements being kept in association with one another by means of a split ring 33A. On Figure 8, and also shown in Figures 9 and 10, there is further provided an O ring 30A against which an end portion of shroud 43' is arranged to seat. Further, there is shown in each of Figures 8 to 10
25 an impact bar 44 having a square peg connection 44A for cooperation, in use, with the upper part of passageway 34 which, as discussed already, is of square cross-section.

The main variation between the embodiment of Figure 8 and Figure 9, is that the embodiment of Figure 9 does
30 include a bolt 39'' in similar fashion to the bolt 39 of Figure 7. The bolt 39'' cooperates with a threaded aperture formed in the mandrel 38''. The mandrel 38'' is

of generally enlarged proportions as compared with the mandrel 38'.

The embodiment of Figure 10, is most similar to the
5 embodiment shown in Figure 8 and differs simply by the
mandrel 38''' being of enlarged proportions as compared to
the mandrel 38'.

Figure 11 is an exploded view showing the various
10 different interchangeable parts as referred to previously
which path for use with the tool. In addition, Figure 11
shows (at reference numeral 45) a plastic shroud which
assists in centralising the tool when using the blades
shown as 31''' and 31'. It further shows, a centre punch
15 50 which can be utilised prior to using the tool to mark a
centre point on a fastening member which is to be loosened.

It will be appreciated that various modifications may
be made to the embodiments of the present invention whilst
20 remaining within the scope of the invention. For instance,
the invention includes embodiments of the tool
incorporating integral impact driver portions as well as
embodiments requiring the use of an external impact driver
and embodiments which may use other means of engagement.

25

The reader's attention is directed to all papers and
documents which are filed concurrently with or previous to
this specification in connection with this application and
which are open to public inspection with this
30 specification, and the contents of all such papers and
documents are incorporated herein by reference.

All of the features disclosed in this specification (including any accompanying claims, abstract and drawings), and/or all of the steps of any method or process so disclosed, may be combined in any combination, except
5 combinations where at least some of such features and/or steps are mutually exclusive.

Each feature disclosed in this specification (including any accompanying claims, abstract and drawings), may be
10 replaced by alternative features serving the same, equivalent or similar purpose, unless expressly stated otherwise. Thus, unless expressly stated otherwise, each feature disclosed is one example only of a generic series of equivalent or similar features.

15

The invention is not restricted to the details of the foregoing embodiment(s). The invention extends to any novel one, or any novel combination, of the features disclosed in this specification (including any accompanying
20 claims, abstract and drawings), or to any novel one, or any novel combination, of the steps of any method or process so disclosed.

CLAIMS

1. A tool for aiding the removal of a fastening member from a structure to which it is attached by means of a threaded connection, the tool comprising: an elongate body member (30) having first and second ends, the first end having means (31) for deforming an end face of the fastening member to provide an area of purchase thereon; and means (44) to cause rotation of the fastening member to unscrew the fastening member from the structure.
2. A tool according to claim 1, wherein the fastening member comprises a nut or stud.
3. A tool according to claim 1 or 2, wherein said means to cause rotation comprises attachment means for the attachment of an operating member (44).
4. A tool according to claim 3, wherein the attachment means is located at the second end of the body member (30).
5. A tool according to claim 3 or 4, wherein the means to cause rotation, the attachment means or the operating member comprises an impact means (44) for both imparting a blow to the tool and providing the means for rotation.
6. A tool according to claim 5, wherein said impact means is an integral part of said tool.
7. A tool according to any of the preceding claims, wherein the means for deforming the fastening member comprises at least one cutting means (31') for biting into said end face.

8. A tool according to claim 7, wherein the cutting means includes an angled cutting edge.
- 5 9. A tool according to claim 7 or 8, wherein the cutting means comprises a blade ring (31) having blades arranged around an aperture formed in the blade ring.
- 10 10. A tool according to claim 8 wherein the cutting means comprises at least one blade (14) which is demountably attached to the elongate body.
- 15 11. A tool according to claim 10, wherein the tool includes means (20) for securing the blade (14) to the elongate body.
- 20 12. A tool according to any of claims 7 to 11, wherein the or each blade (14) is handed, so as to be orientatable in a first configuration for use with fastening members having a right handed threaded attachment, and to be orientatable in a second configuration for use with fastening members having a left handed threaded attachment.
- 25 13. A tool according to any of the preceding claims, wherein the first end of the body member is provided with an aperture running longitudinally through the centre of the body member.
- 30 14. A tool according to claim 13, wherein blades (14A, 14B) are provided on opposing sides of the aperture.
15. A tool according to claim 9 or 14, wherein the aperture enables a bolt or similar object, on which is threaded a

fastening member, to be lowered into the body member such that the blades (14, 31) come into contact with an end face of said fastening member.

- 5 16. A tool according to any of the preceding claims, wherein locating means (38) for locating the first end of the body member with respect to the end face of a fastening member are provided.
- 10 17. A tool according to claim 16, wherein the locating means (38) comprise centralising means.
- 15 18. A tool according to claim 17, wherein the locating means (38) comprises a mandrel for engagement with the end face of the fastening member.
19. A tool according to claim 18 or 19, wherein the leading end of the mandrel (38) is tapered.
- 20 20. A tool according to claim 18 or 19, wherein the mandrel (38) is spring mounted within the body member.
- 25 21. A tool according to any of the preceding claims, wherein the tool is provided with means (43) for preventing peripheral damage to the structure.
22. A tool according to claim 21, wherein a cover or shroud (43) is provided to surround the means for deforming the end face of the fastening member.
- 30 23. A method for facilitating the removal of a fastening member from a structure to which it is attached by means of a threaded connection, the method comprising:

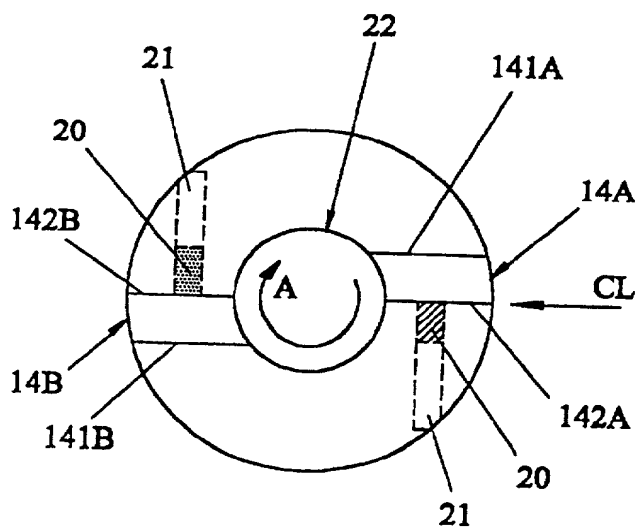
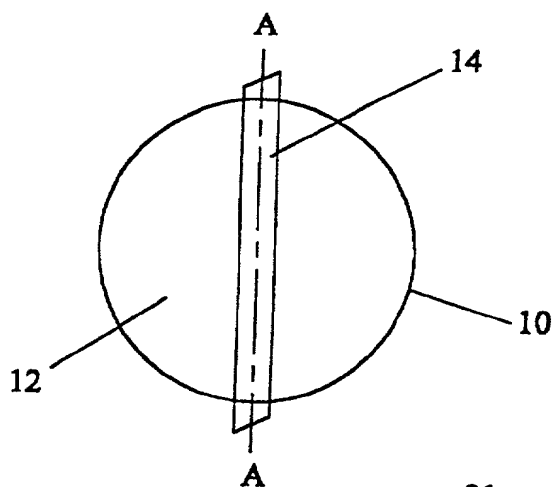
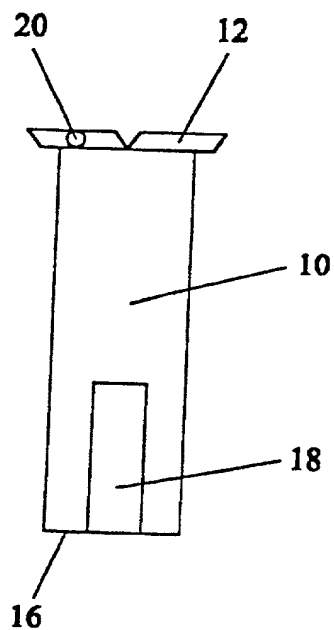
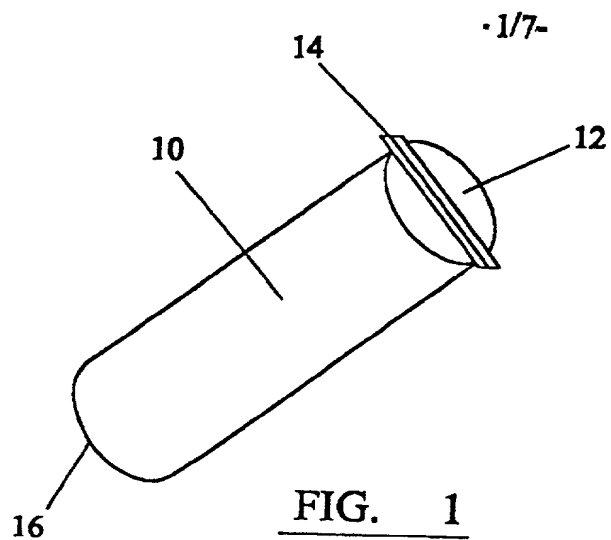
deforming an exposed end face of the fastening member to provide an area of purchase thereon; and

- 5 rotating the fastening member using said area of purchase.

24. A method according to claim 23, wherein the method includes the preliminary step of locating a first end of a
10 tool according to any of claims 1 to 21 with respect to the end face of the fastening member.

25. A method according to claim 24, wherein the locating step comprises the use of a centralizing means for
15 centralizing the tool with respect to the end face of the fastening member.

26. A method according to claim 23, 24 or 25, wherein a region surrounding the fastening member is protected from
20 damage by shrouding that area.



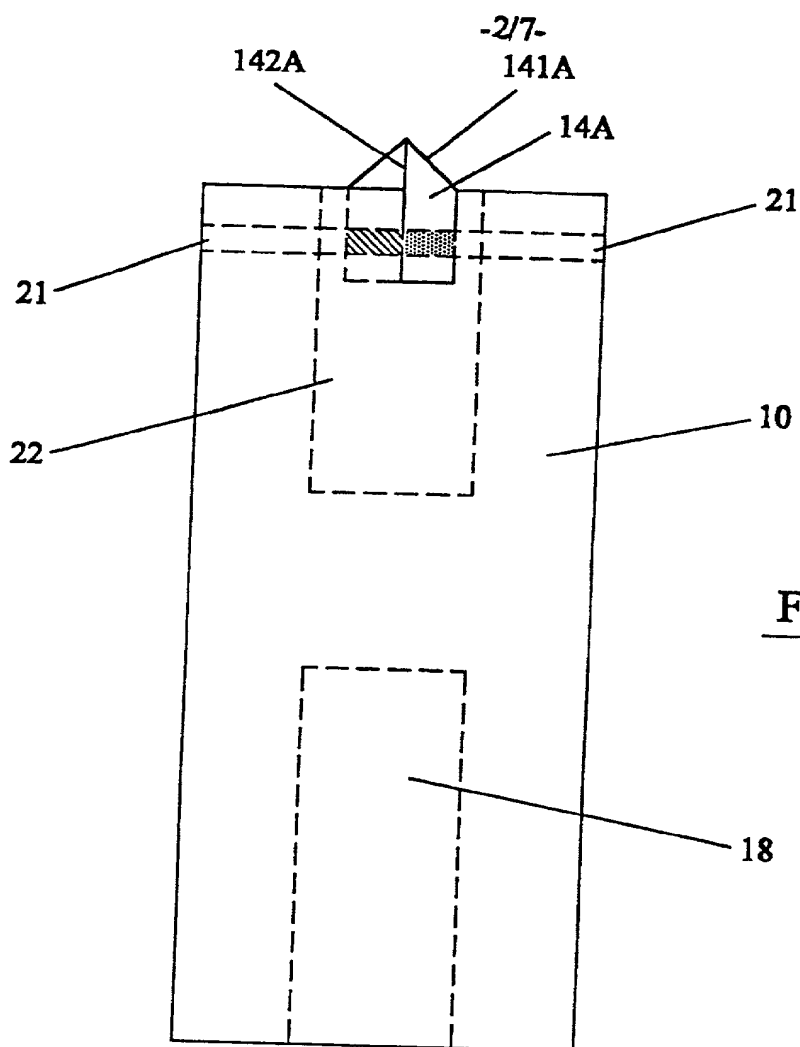


FIG. 5

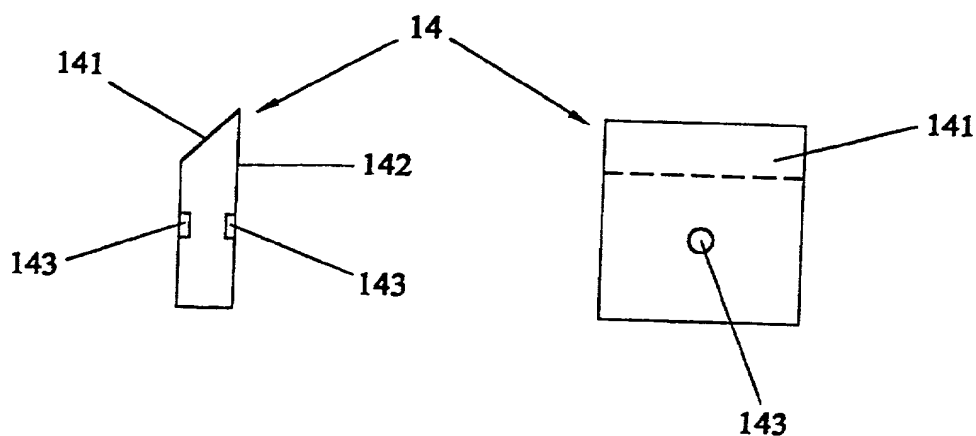
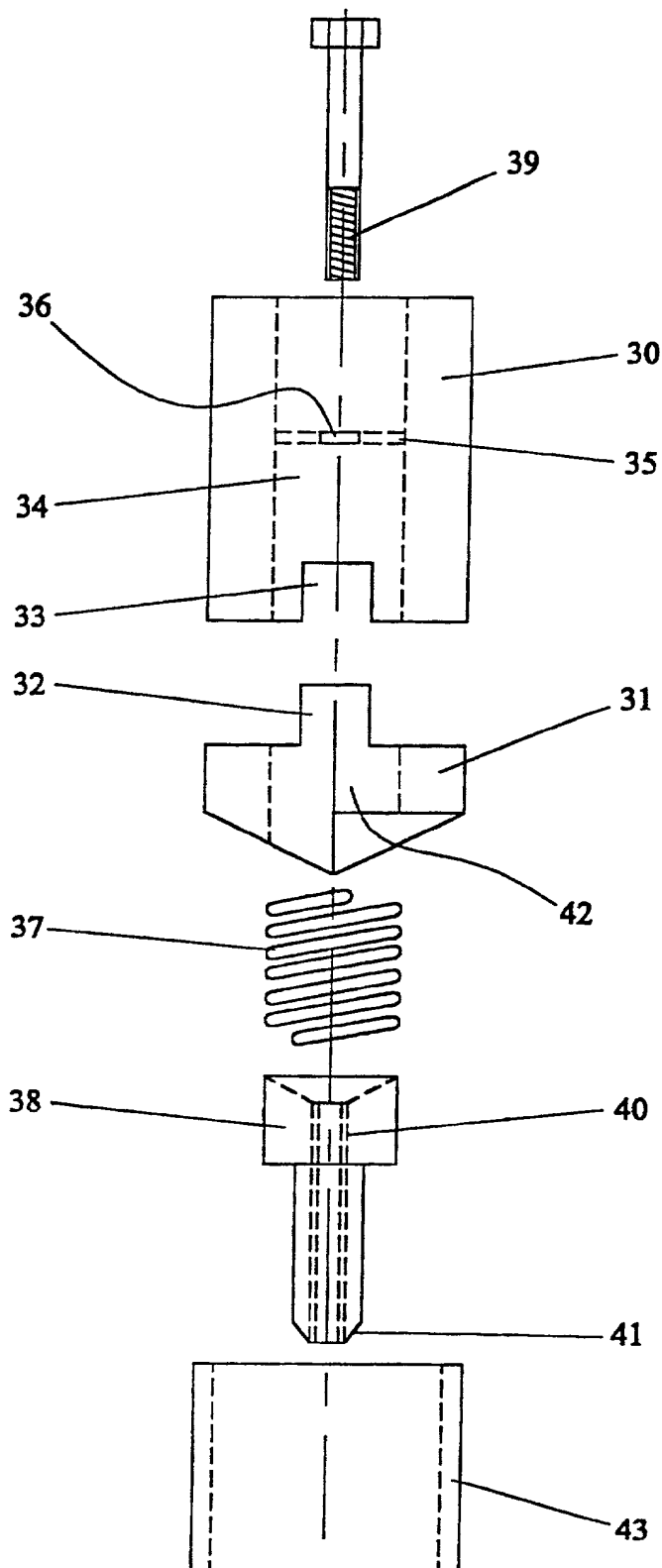


FIG. 6A

FIG. 6B

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FIG. 7

-4/7-

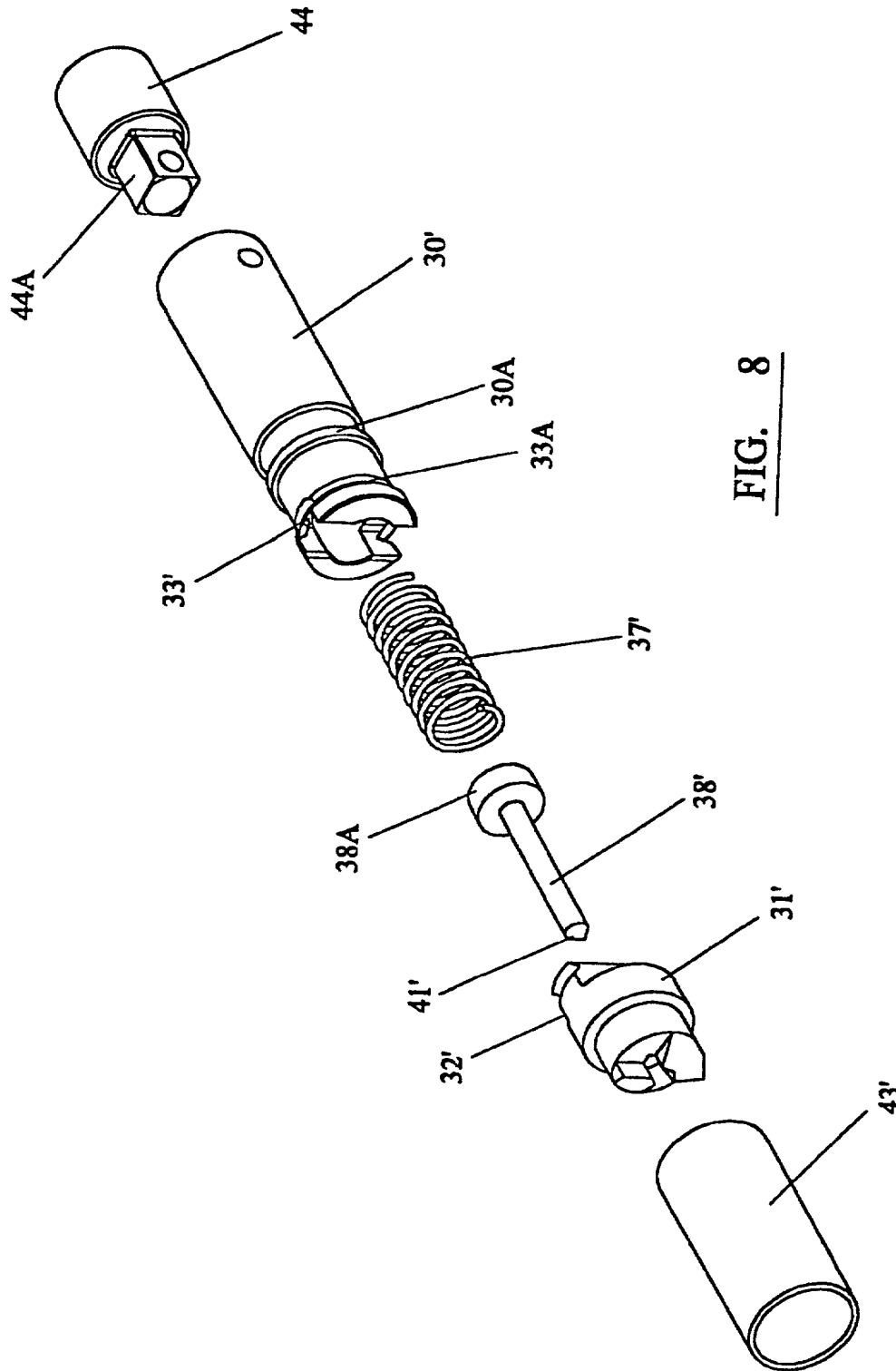


FIG. 8

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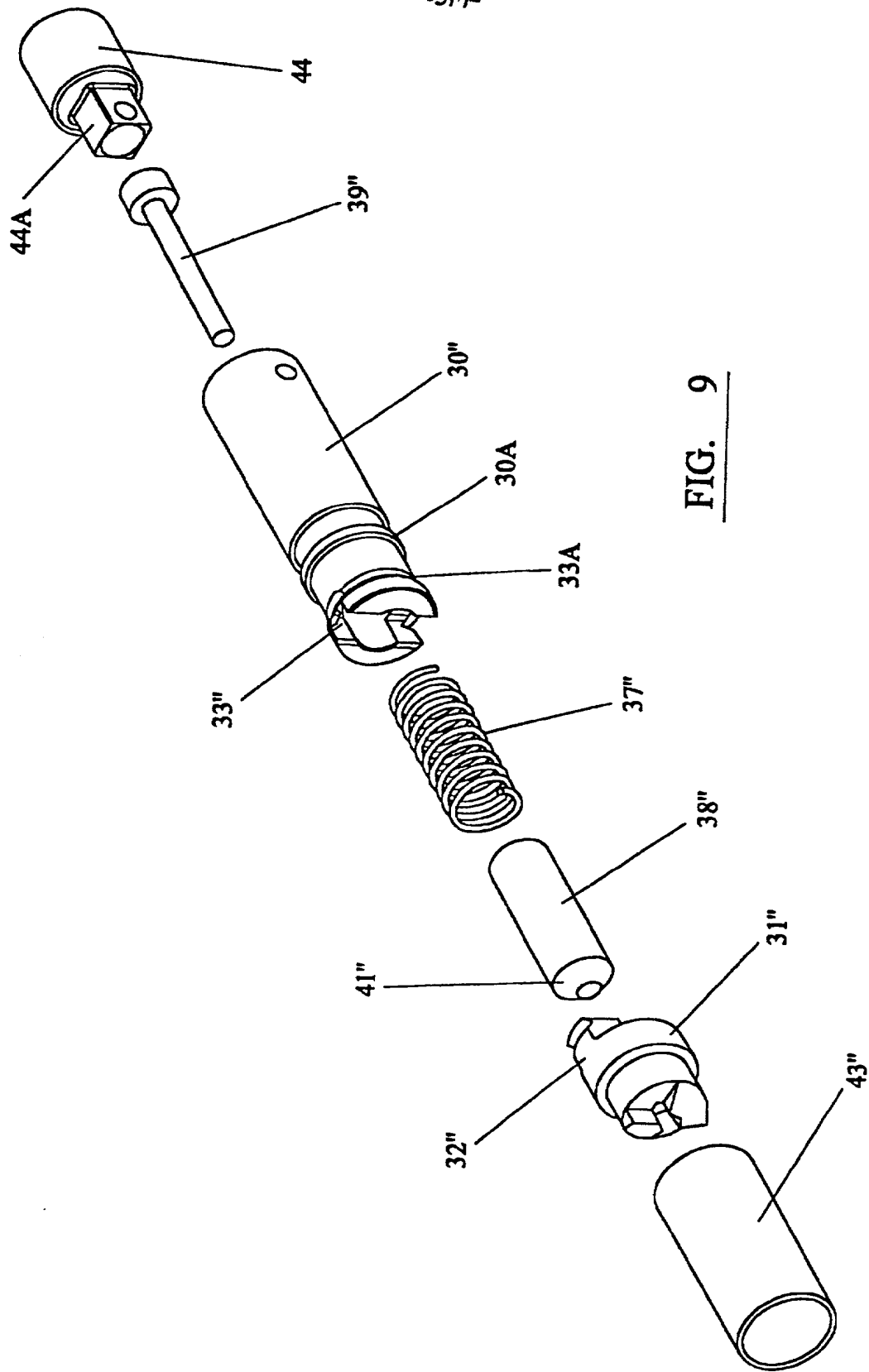
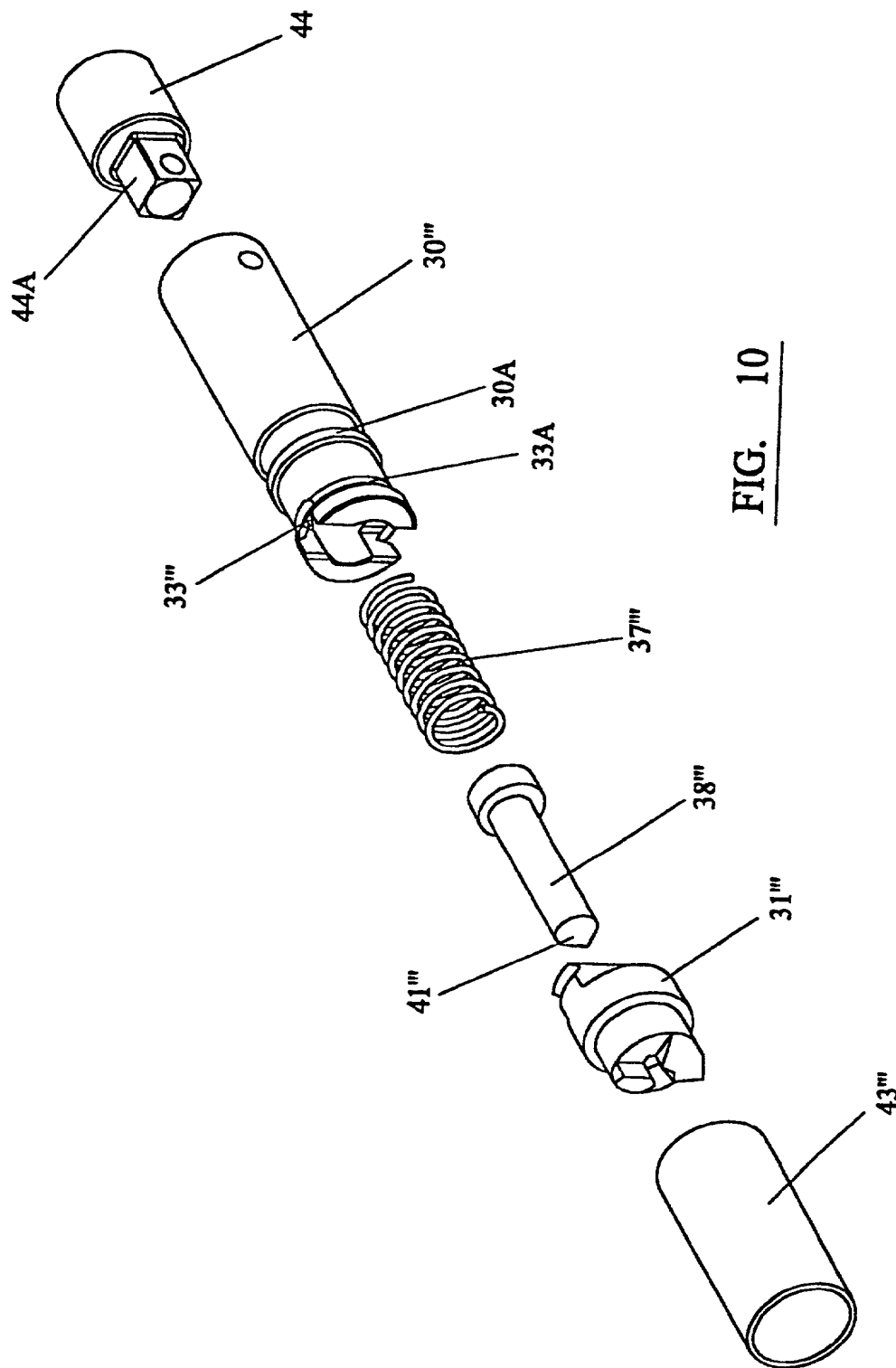


FIG. 9

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FIG. 10

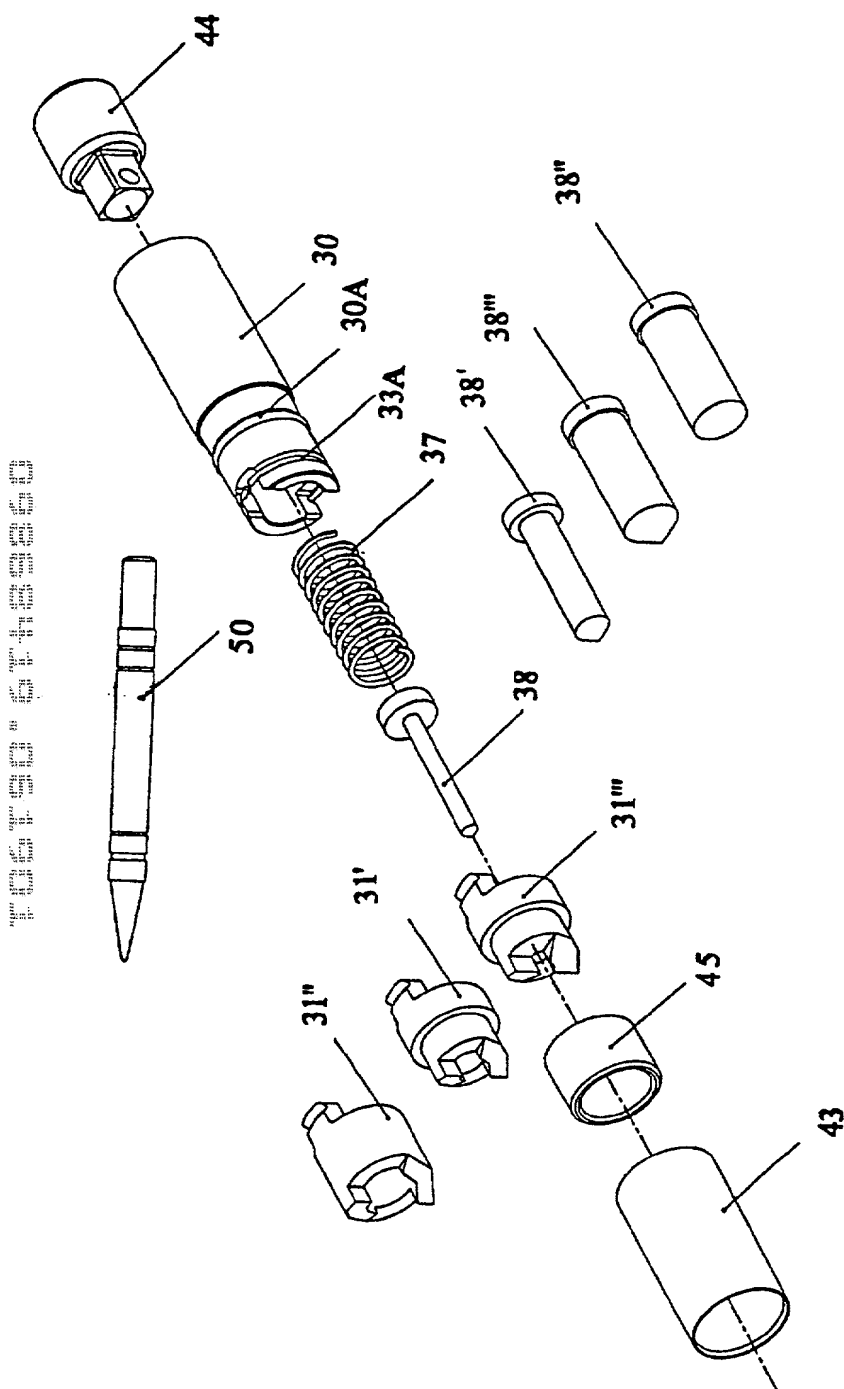


FIG. 11

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PTO/SB/01 (10-00)

Approved for use through 10/31/2002. OMB 0851-0032

U.S. Patent and Trademark Office: U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

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DECLARATION FOR UTILITY OR DESIGN PATENT APPLICATION (37 CFR 1.63) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Declaration Submitted with Initial Filing OR <input type="checkbox"/> Declaration Submitted after Initial Filing (surcharge (37 CFR 1.16 (e)) required)	Attorney Docket Number	
	First Named Inventor	Ronnie Brain
	COMPLETE IF KNOWN	
	Application Number	/
	Filing Date	
	Group Art Unit	
	Examiner Name	

As a below named inventor, I hereby declare that:

My residence, mailing address, and citizenship are as stated below next to my name.

I believe I am the original, first and sole inventor (if only one name is listed below) or an original, first and joint inventor (if plural names are listed below) of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled:

MECHANICAL NUT AND STUD REMOVAL TOOL

(Title of the invention)

the specification of which

☒ is attached hereto

OR

☐ was filed on (MM/DD/YYYY)

as United States Application Number or PCT International

Application Number

PCT/GB99/04137

and was amended on (MM/DD/YYYY)

(if applicable).

I hereby state that I have reviewed and understand the contents of the above identified specification, including the claims, as amended by any amendment specifically referred to above.

I acknowledge the duty to disclose information which is material to patentability as defined in 37 CFR 1.56, including for continuation-in-part applications, material information which became available between the filing date of the prior application and the national or PCT international filing date of the continuation-in-part application.

I hereby claim foreign priority benefits under 35 U.S.C. 119(a)-(d) or 365(b) of any foreign application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate, or 365(a) of any PCT international application which designated at least one country other than the United States of America, listed below and have also identified below, by checking the box, any foreign application for patent or inventor's certificate, or any PCT international application having a filing date before that of the application on which priority is claimed.

Prior Foreign Application Number(s)	Country	Foreign Filing Date (MM/DD/YYYY)	Priority Not Claimed	Certified Copy Attached?	
				YES	NO
PCT/GB/04137	Great Britain	9 Dec. 1999	<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>

☐ Additional foreign application numbers are listed on a supplemental priority data sheet PTO/SB/02B attached hereto:

I hereby claim the benefit under 35 U.S.C. 119(e) of any United States provisional application(s) listed below.

Application Number(s)	Filing Date (MM/DD/YYYY)	<input type="checkbox"/> Additional provisional application numbers are listed on a supplemental priority data sheet PTO/SB/02B attached hereto.

[Page 1 of 2]

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NAME OF SOLE OR FIRST INVENTOR:		<input type="checkbox"/> A petition has been filed for this unsigned inventor	
Given Name <u>Ronnie</u>		Family Name <u>Brain</u>	
(Last and initials if any)		(if known)	
Inventor's Signature <u>[Signature]</u>		Date	
Residence: City <u>West Yorkshire</u>	State <u>GBN</u>	Great Britain Country	Citizenship
Mailing Address <u>Old Station House, Green Row, Metley</u>			
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NAME OF SECOND INVENTOR:		<input type="checkbox"/> A petition has been filed for this unsigned inventor	
Given Name <u>David</u>		Family Name <u>Brain</u>	
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<input type="checkbox"/> Additional inventors are being named on the _____ supplemental Additional (inventor(s) sheet(s)) PTC/US/02A attached hereto.			

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AUTHORIZATION OF AGENT**

Application Number	Unassigned
Filing Date	Herewith
First Named Inventor	Ronnie Brain, et al
Group Art Unit	
Examiner Name	
Attorney Docket Number	

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☐ Assignee of record of the entire interest. See 37 CFR 3.71.
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SIGNATURE of Applicant or Assignee of Record

Name	Ronnie Brain
Signature	
Date	

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